Nobiletin + Tangeretin Specifications



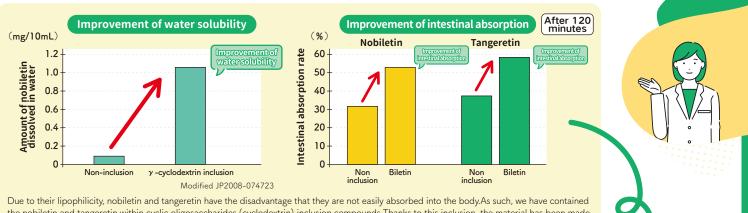




What is Biletin?

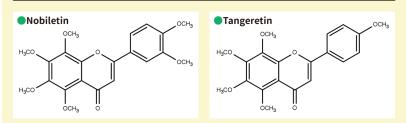
Biletin is a functional material containing standardized amounts of highly concentrated polymethoxyflavonoids (nobiletin and tangeretin), which is extracted from the pericarps of Okinawan shiikuwasha (citrus depressa) that are discarded after being juiced.

Cyclic oligosaccharide inclusion makes it more soluble in water and improves its absorption in the intestine.



the nobiletin and tangeretin within cyclic oligosaccharides (cyclodextrin) inclusion compounds. Thanks to this inclusion, the material has been made easier to dissolve in water, which improves its absorption within in the body compared to that of products without this same inclusion.

What are Nobiletin and Tangeretin?



Numerous studies on polymethoxyflavonoid(PMF) functionality have shown that, in addition to functions such as increasing adiponectin, improving lipid metabolism, being an anti-inflammatory, an anti-arteriosclerotic, and protecting the skin against ultraviolet rays, PMF also works with the clock gene Per2 to normalize body rhythms disturbed by age and lifestyle habits and to regulate the body's circadian rhythm, leading to improvements in sleep quality.

For beverages and jellies



The inclusion with cyclic oligosaccharides improves its solubility, so it can be used for beverages and jellies. This inclusion process also suppresses the unique bitterness of shiikwasha.



Effects and Indications

Normalization of the body clock, improvement of liver function, increased adiponectin, inhibitory effect on melanin synthesis (skin-lightening effect), amelioration of allergies, anti-inflammatory effects, anti-metabolic effects, improvement of memory impairment (e.g. dementia)

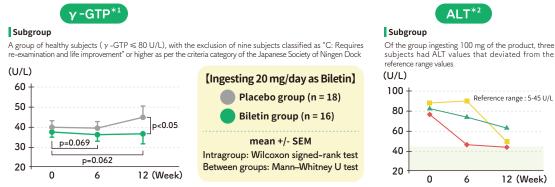
Patent and Trademark

•Patent No. 5473191

Peroxisome proliferator activated receptor (PPAR) activating agent and drugs, supplements, functional foods and food additives that utilize the aforementioned agent.

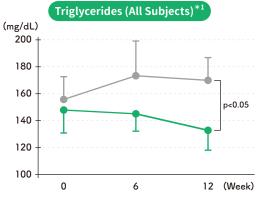
• Biletin™ is a registered brand by ARKRAY, Inc.

Liver function



Compared to the placebo group, the liver function item γ -GTP, AST and ALT improved before and after ingestion.

Lipid Metabolism

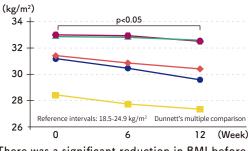


Triglycerides significantly decreased in the Biletin group compared to in the placebo group.

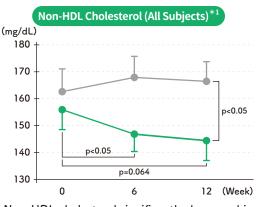
Subgroup

Of the group ingesting 20 mg of the product, five subjects were suspected of having nonalcoholic steatohepatitis

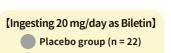
BMI*2

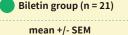


There was a significant reduction in BMI before and after ingestion.



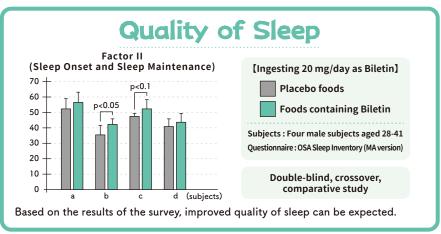
Non-HDL cholesterol significantly decreased in the Biletin group compared to in the placebo group.





Intragroup: Wilcoxon signed-rank test Between groups: Mann-Whitney U test

Double-blind, parallel group, comparative study





* 2…Yoshio Sumida, et al. Associate Journal of Japanese Society for Medical Use of Functional Foods. 2017, 10(6), 345-8.

ARKRAY Group

[WEB] https://ebn2.arkray.co.jp/english



8 Nishiyama-cho, Higashi-kujo, Minami-ku, Kyoto 601-8046, JAPAN

Karada Lab, Inc.

No.2305AA

AST*2

Subgroup

Reference range : 5-45 U/L

12 (Week)

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